UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of
The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

August 18, 2011

Autodesk, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	000-14338	94-2819853
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)	(Commission File Number)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)
(.	111 McInnis Parkway San Rafael, California 94903 Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)	
	(415) 507-5000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	
(F	former name or former address, if changed since last report)	
Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):	filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligati	ion of the registrant under any of the following
[]Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 u	under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)	
[]Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 und	ler the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)	
[]Pre-commencement communications pursuant t	to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-	·2(b))
[]Pre-commencement communications pursuant t	to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-	4(c))

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On August 18, 2011, Autodesk, Inc. ("Autodesk" or the "Company") issued a press release and prepared remarks reporting financial results for the second quarter ended July 31, 2011. The press release and prepared remarks are furnished herewith as Exhibit 99.1 and Exhibit 99.2, respectively, and are incorporated herein by reference.

These exhibits shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement Autodesk's consolidated financial statements presented on a GAAP basis, the press release and prepared remarks furnished herewith as Exhibit 99.1 and Exhibit 99.2, respectively, provide investors with certain non-GAAP measures, including but not limited to historical non-GAAP net earnings and historical and future non-GAAP net earnings per diluted share. For our internal budgeting and resource allocation process, Autodesk's management uses non-GAAP measures that do not include: (a) stock-based compensation expenses, (b) amortization of purchased intangibles and purchases of technology, (c) restructuring charges, (d) discrete tax items, and (e) the income tax effects on the difference between GAAP and non-GAAP costs and expenses. Autodesk's management uses non-GAAP measures in making operating decisions because we believe the measures provide meaningful supplemental information regarding Autodesk's earning potential. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures facilitate comparisons to our and our competitors' historical results and operating guidance.

As described above, Autodesk excludes the following items from its non-GAAP measures:

- A. *Stock-based compensation expenses*. Autodesk excludes stock-based compensation expenses from its non-GAAP measures primarily because they are non-cash expenses and management finds it useful to exclude certain non-cash charges to assess the appropriate level of various operating expenses to assist in budgeting, planning and forecasting future periods.
- B. Amortization of purchased intangibles and purchases of technology. Autodesk incurs amortization of acquisition-related purchased intangible assets, primarily in connection with its acquisition of certain businesses and technologies. The amortization of purchased intangibles varies depending on the level of acquisition activity, and management finds it useful to exclude these variable charges to assess the appropriate level of various operating expenses to assist in budgeting, planning and forecasting future periods.
- C. Restructuring charges. These expenses are associated with realigning our business strategies based on current economic conditions. In connection with these restructuring actions, we recognize costs related to termination benefits for former employees whose positions were eliminated, and the closure of facilities and cancelation of certain contracts. We exclude these charges because these expenses are not reflective of ongoing operating results in the current period.
- D. *Discrete tax items*. Autodesk excludes its GAAP tax provision, including discrete items, from its non-GAAP measure of income, and includes a non-GAAP tax provision based upon its projected annual non-GAAP effective tax rate. Management believes this approach assists investors in understanding the tax provision and the effective tax rate related to the Company's ongoing operations.
- E. *Income tax effects on the difference between GAAP and non-GAAP costs and expenses*. The income tax effects that are excluded from the non-GAAP measures relate to the tax impact on the difference between GAAP and non-GAAP costs and expenses, primarily due to differences in the timing of when income tax benefits are recognized for stock compensation and purchased intangibles for GAAP and non-GAAP measures.

There are limitations in using non-GAAP financial measures because the non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and may be different from non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. In addition, the non-GAAP financial measures are limited in value because they exclude certain items that may have a material impact upon our reported financial results. Management compensates for these limitations by analyzing current and future results on a GAAP basis as well as a non-GAAP basis and also by providing GAAP measures in our earnings release and prepared remarks. The presentation of non-GAAP financial information is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the directly comparable financial measures prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The non-GAAP financial measures are meant to supplement, and be viewed in conjunction with, GAAP financial measures. Investors should review the information regarding non-GAAP financial measures provided in our press release and prepared remarks.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	<u>Description</u>
99.1	Press release dated as of August 18, 2011.
99.2	Prepared remarks dated as of August 18, 2011.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

AUTODESK, INC.

By: <u>/s/ Mark J. Hawkins</u>

Mark J. Hawkins

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 18, 2011

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.Description99.1Press release dated as of August 18, 2011.99.2Prepared remarks dated as of August 18, 2011.

Investors: David Gennarelli, david.gennarelli@autodesk.com, 415-507-6033

Press: Greg Eden, greg.eden@autodesk.com, 415-547-2135

AUTODESK REPORTS 16 PERCENT SECOND QUARTER REVENUE GROWTH

Strong Growth of EPS and Cash Flow from Operations

SAN RAFAEL, Calif., August 18, 2011.- Autodesk, Inc. (NASDAQ: ADSK) today reported financial results for the second quarter of fiscal year 2012.

- Revenue was \$546 million, an increase of 16 percent compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2011.
- GAAP operating margin was 17 percent, compared to 17 percent in the second quarter of fiscal 2011.
- Non-GAAP operating margin was 25 percent, compared to 25 percent in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. A reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP results is provided in the accompanying tables.
- GAAP diluted earnings per share were \$0.30, compared to \$0.25 in the second quarter of fiscal 2011.
- Non-GAAP diluted earnings per share were \$0.44, compared to \$0.36 in the second quarter of fiscal 2011.
- Cash flow from operating activities was \$132 million, compared to \$112 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011.

"We experienced strong demand across all geographies and business segments with growth led by our Asia Pacific region," said <u>Carl Bass</u>, Autodesk president and CEO. "Our manufacturing business segment had its largest revenue quarter ever and continues to be our fastest growing segment. Our AEC business segment returned to strong growth in the second quarter as the building and construction industries continue to standardize on Building Information Modeling. And our newly launched design and creation suites are off to a terrific start, helping drive our overall revenue growth."

Second Quarter Operational Overview

EMEA revenue was \$212 million, an increase of 12 percent compared to the second quarter last year as reported and 13 percent on a constant currency basis. Revenue in the Americas was \$191 million, an increase of 13 percent compared to the second quarter last year. Revenue in Asia Pacific was \$143 million, an increase of 24 percent compared to the second quarter last year as reported and 16 percent on a constant currency basis. Revenue from emerging economies was \$88 million, an increase of 23 percent compared to the second quarter last year as reported and 18 percent on a constant currency basis. Revenue from emerging economies represented 16 percent of total revenue in the second quarter.

All constant currency calculations remove the impact of foreign currency fluctuations and any hedge gains or losses recorded to revenue within the current and prior period as a result of Autodesk's hedging program. Starting in the current quarter, we have changed our methodology for calculating constant currency. Please see the attached Fact Sheet for more details.

Revenue from the Platform Solutions and Emerging Business segment was \$199 million, an increase of 12 percent compared to the second quarter last year. Revenue from the Architecture, Engineering and Construction business segment was \$158 million, an increase of 19 percent compared to the second quarter last year. Revenue from the Manufacturing business segment was \$136 million, an increase of 20 percent compared to the second quarter last year. Revenue from the Media and Entertainment business segment was \$54 million, an increase of 9 percent compared to the second quarter last year.

"We achieved better than expected profitability driven by solid revenue performance and continued cost controls" said Mark Hawkins, Autodesk Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer. "We also posted strong growth in maintenance billings, deferred revenue, and cash flow from operations. Our balance sheet remains sound with cash and investments of approximately \$1.6 billion, deferred revenue at a record high, and no debt."

Business Outlook

The following statements are forward-looking statements that are based on current expectations and assumptions, and involve risks and uncertainties some of which are set forth below.

Third Quarter Fiscal 2012

Net revenue for the third quarter of fiscal 2012 is expected to be in the range of \$535 million and \$550 million. GAAP earnings per diluted share are expected to be in the range of \$0.25 and \$0.29. Non-GAAP earnings per diluted share are expected to be in the range of \$0.38 and \$0.42 and exclude \$0.08 related to stock-based compensation expense, and \$0.05 for the amortization of acquisition related intangibles, net of tax.

Full Year Fiscal 2012

Net revenue for fiscal 2012 is expected to increase by approximately 13 percent compared to fiscal 2011. Autodesk anticipates fiscal 2012 GAAP and non-GAAP operating margins to increase by greater than 200 basis points compared to fiscal 2011. Non-GAAP operating margin improvement excludes approximately 70 basis points of restructuring charges, negative 10 basis points of amortization of acquisition related intangibles, and negative 50 basis points of stock-based compensation expense.

Both third quarter fiscal 2012 and full year fiscal 2012 outlooks assume an annual effective tax rate of approximately 23 percent for GAAP results and approximately 25 percent for non-GAAP results.

Earnings Conference Call and Webcast

Autodesk will host its second quarter conference call today at 5:00 p.m. EDT. The live broadcast can be accessed at http://www.autodesk.com/investors. Supplemental financial information and prepared remarks for the conference call will be posted to the investor relations section of Autodesk's website simultaneously with this press release.

NOTE: The prepared remarks will not be read on the conference call. The conference call will include only brief remarks followed by questions and answers

A replay of the broadcast will be available at 7:00 pm EDT at http://www.autodesk.com/investors. This replay will be maintained on Autodesk's website for at least 12 months.

Safe Harbor Statement

This press release contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, including statements in the paragraphs under "Business Outlook" above, statements regarding anticipated market, segment, product and revenue trends, revenue, margin, earnings and cash flow improvement, and other statements regarding our expected strategies, market and products positions, performance, and results. There are a significant number of factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from statements made in this press release, including: general market, political, economic and business conditions, our performance in particular geographies, including emerging economies, failure to successfully expand adoption of our products, failure to successfully incorporate sales of products suites into our overall sales strategy, failure to maintain cost reductions and productivity increases or otherwise control our expenses, slowing momentum in maintenance billings or revenues, difficulties encountered in integrating new or acquired businesses and technologies, the inability to identify and realize the anticipated benefits of acquisitions, the financial and business condition of our reseller and distribution channels, fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates, the success of our foreign currency hedging program, failure to achieve sufficient sell-through in our channels for new or existing products, pricing pressure, unexpected fluctuations in our tax rate, the timing and degree of expected investments in growth and efficiency opportunities, changes in the timing of product releases and retirements, failure of key new applications to achieve anticipated levels of customer acceptance, failure to achieve continued success in technology advancements, interruptions or terminations in the business of Autodesk consultants, the expense and impact of legal or regulatory proceedings, and any unanticipated accounting charges.

Further information on potential factors that could affect the financial results of Autodesk are included in Autodesk's report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2011 and Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 30, 2011, which are on file with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Autodesk does not assume any obligation to update the forward-looking statements provided to reflect events that occur or circumstances that exist after the date on which they were made.

About Autodesk

Autodesk, Inc., is a leader in <u>3D design</u>, engineering and entertainment software. Customers across the manufacturing, architecture, building, construction, and media and entertainment industries – including the last 16 Academy Award winners for Best Visual Effects – use Autodesk software to design, visualize, and simulate their ideas. Since its introduction of AutoCAD software in 1982, Autodesk continues to develop the broadest portfolio of state-of-the-art software for global markets. For additional information about Autodesk, visit www.autodesk.com.

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		Three Months Ended July 31,					Six Months Ended July 31,			
		2011		2010		2011		2010		
		(Unau	dited)			(Unau	dited)			
Net revenue: License and other	\$	333.0	\$	280.7	\$	656.0	\$	560.5		
Maintenance		213.3		192.1		418.6		386.9		
Total net revenue		546.3		472.8		1,074.6		947.4		
Control										
Cost of license and other revenue		45.7		40.5		88.3		81.7		
Cost of maintenance revenue		11.7		7.9		23.7		18.0		
Total cost of revenue		57.4		48.4		112.0		99.7		
Gross profit		488.9		424.4		962.6		847.7		
Operating expenses:										
Marketing and sales		201.0		177.5		402.9		364.0		
Research and development		139.2		119.3		275.8		246.5		
General and administrative		55.0		45.9		111.6		97.6		
Restructuring charges		(1.3)		1.9		(1.3)		9.0		
Total operating expenses		393.9		344.6		789.0		717.1		
Income from operations		95.0		79.8		173.6		130.6		
Interest and other income (expense), net		(0.8)		0.1		5.1		(3.3)		
Income before income taxes		94.2		79.9		178.7		127.3		
Provision for income taxes		(23.0)		(20.0)		(38.2)		(30.5)		
Net income	\$	71.2	\$	59.9	\$	140.5	\$	96.8		
Basic net income per share	\$	0.31	\$	0.26	\$	0.61	\$	0.42		
Diluted net income per share	\$	0.30	\$	0.25	\$	0.59	\$	0.41		
Shares used in computing basic										
net income per share		229.4		228.0		228.8		228.5		
Shares used in computing diluted net income per share		236.6		233.8		236.9		234.5		
net income per snare	===	230.0		233.0		230.9		234,3		

	July 31, 2011	January 31, 2011	
	(Un	audited)	
ASSETS:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,131.		
Marketable securities	241.		
Accounts receivable, net	297.		
Deferred income taxes	35.		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	73.	_	
Total current assets	1,778.	3 1,714.3	
Marketable securities	179.	2 192.6	
Computer equipment, software, furniture and leasehold improvements, net	105.	2 84.5	
Purchased technologies, net	69.		
Goodwill	607.		
Deferred income taxes, net	118.	90.7	
Other assets	114.		
	\$ 2,973.	5 2,787.6	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Current liabilities:			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 89.		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation	121.	5 193.1	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes	121. 15.	5 193.1 3 28.6	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue	121. 15. 525.	5 193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities	121. 15. 525. 75.	5 193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 2 75.1	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities	121. 15. 525.	5 193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 2 75.1	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities Total current liabilities	121. 15. 525. 75.	5 193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 2 75.1 1 869.8	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities Total current liabilities Deferred revenue	121. 15. 525. 75. 827.	193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 75.1 1 869.8	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue	121. 15. 525. 75. 827.	193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 75.1 1 869.8 1 91.7 4 139.1	
Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities Total current liabilities Deferred revenue Long term income taxes payable Other liabilities	121. 15. 525. 75. 827. 117.	193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 75.1 1 869.8 1 91.7 4 139.1	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities Total current liabilities Deferred revenue Long term income taxes payable Other liabilities Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity:	121. 15. 525. 75. 827. 117.	193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 75.1 1 869.8 1 91.7 4 139.1	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities Total current liabilities Deferred revenue Long term income taxes payable Other liabilities Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock	121. 15. 525. 75. 827. 117. 157. 83.	193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 2 75.1 1 869.8 1 91.7 4 139.1 0 77.7	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities Total current liabilities Deferred revenue Long term income taxes payable Other liabilities Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock Common stock and additional paid-in capital	121. 15. 525. 75. 827. 117. 157. 83.	193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 2 75.1 1 869.8 1 91.7 4 139.1 0 77.7	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities Total current liabilities Deferred revenue Long term income taxes payable Other liabilities Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock Common stock and additional paid-in capital Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	121. 15. 525. 75. 827. 117. 157. 83.	5 193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 2 75.1 1 869.8 1 91.7 4 139.1 0 77.7 5 1,267.2 3 (0.6	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities Total current liabilities Deferred revenue Long term income taxes payable Other liabilities Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock Common stock and additional paid-in capital	121. 15. 525. 75. 827. 117. 157. 83.	5 193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 2 75.1 1 869.8 1 91.7 4 139.1 0 77.7 5 1,267.2 3 (0.6	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensation Accrued income taxes Deferred revenue Other accrued liabilities Total current liabilities Deferred revenue Long term income taxes payable Other liabilities Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock Common stock and additional paid-in capital Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	121. 15. 525. 75. 827. 117. 157. 83.	193.1 3 28.6 3 496.2 75.1 1 869.8 1 91.7 4 139.1 0 77.7	

(In millions)	Six Mont July	
	2011	2010
	(Unau	dited)
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 140.5	\$ 96.8
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	54.2	53.0
Stock-based compensation expense	53.2	45.3
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	(13.5)	-
Restructuring charges, net	(1.3)	9.0
Changes in operating assets and liabilities,		
net of business combinations	27.5	46.5
Net cash provided by operating activities	260.6	250.6
Investing activities:		
Purchases of marketable securities	(307.8)	(318.7)
Sales of marketable securities	61.6	52.8
Maturities of marketable securities	220.7	135.8
Capital expenditures	(53.0)	(11.1)
Business combinations, net of cash acquired	(81.2)	(8.5)
Other investing activities	(15.1)	(0.5)
Net cash used in investing activities	(174.8)	(150.2)
Financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs	129.6	40.1
Repurchases of common stock	(169.4)	(129.2)
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	13.5	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(26.3)	(89.1)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(3.1)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	56.4	11.3
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of fiscal year	1,075.1	838.7
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,131.5	\$ 850.0

Autodesk, Inc.

Reconciliation of GAAP financial measures to non-GAAP financial measures (In millions, except per share data)

To supplement our consolidated financial statements presented on a GAAP basis, Autodesk provides investors with certain non-GAAP measures including non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP net income per share, non-GAAP cost of license and other revenue, non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP operating expenses, non-GAAP income from operations and non-GAAP provision for income taxes. These non-GAAP financial measures are adjusted to exclude certain costs, expenses, gains and losses, including stock-based compensation expense, amortization of purchased intangibles, restructuring charges, discrete tax provision items and related income tax expenses. See our reconciliation of GAAP financial measures to non-GAAP financial measures herein. We believe these exclusions are appropriate to enhance an overall understanding of our past financial performance and also our prospects for the future, as well as to facilitate comparisons with our historical operating results. These adjustments to our GAAP results are made with the intent of providing both management and investors a more complete understanding of Autodesk's underlying operational results and trends and our marketplace performance. For example, the non-GAAP results are an indication of our baseline performance before gains, losses or other charges that are considered by management to be outside our core operating results. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures are among the primary indicators management uses as a basis for our planning and forecasting of future periods.

There are limitations in using non-GAAP financial measures because the non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and may be different from non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. The non-GAAP financial measures are limited in value because they exclude certain items that may have a material impact upon our reported financial results. The presentation of this additional information is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the directly comparable financial measures prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Investors should review the reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures as provided in the tables accompanying this press release.

The following table shows Autodesk's non-GAAP results reconciled to GAAP results included in this release.

		Six Months Ended						
		July	31,		July 31,			
		2011		2010		2011		2010
		(Unau	dited)			(Unau	dited)	
GAAP cost of license and other revenue	\$	45.7	\$	40.5	\$	88.3	\$	81.7
Stock-based compensation expense		(1.0)		(0.7)		(1.9)		(1.5)
Amortization of developed technology		(8.5)		(7.7)		(16.6)		(15.4)
Non-GAAP cost of license and other revenue	\$	36.2	\$	32.1	\$	69.8	\$	64.8
GAAP gross profit	\$	488.9	\$	424.4	\$	962.6	\$	847.7
Stock-based compensation expense	•	1.0		0.7		1.9	•	1.5
Amortization of developed technology		8.5		7.7		16.6		15.4
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$	498.4	\$	432.8	\$	981.1	\$	864.6
GAAP marketing and sales	\$	201.0	\$	177.5	\$	402.9	\$	364.0
Stock-based compensation expense	Ψ	(11.3)	Ψ	(9.2)	Ψ	(23.1)	Ψ	(19.8)
Non-GAAP marketing and sales	\$	189.7	\$	168.3	\$	379.8	\$	344.2
GAAP research and development	\$	139.2	\$	119.3	\$	275.8	\$	246.5
Stock-based compensation expense	Ψ	(9.8)	Ψ	(7.2)	Ψ	(18.7)	Ψ	(15.5)
Non-GAAP research and development	\$	129.4	\$	112.1	\$	257.1	\$	231.0
Non-GAAP research and development	<u></u>	129.4	Ф	112.1	D	237.1	Ф	231.0
GAAP general and administrative	\$	55.0	\$	45.9	\$	111.6	\$	97.6
Stock-based compensation expense		(5.2)		(3.9)		(9.5)		(8.5)
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names		(9.3)		(5.9)		(15.8)		(12.1)
Non-GAAP general and administrative	\$	40.5	\$	36.1	\$	86.3	\$	77.0
GAAP restructuring charges	\$	(1.3)	\$	1.9	\$	(1.3)	\$	9.0
Restructuring charges		1.3		(1.9)		1.3		(9.0)
Non-GAAP restructuring charges	\$	-	\$		\$	_	\$	
GAAP operating expenses	\$	393.9	\$	344.6	\$	789.0	\$	717.1
Stock-based compensation expense	•	(26.3)		(20.3)		(51.3)	•	(43.8)
Amortization of customer relationships and		()		()		()		(- · -)
trade names		(9.3)		(5.9)		(15.8)		(12.1)
Restructuring charges		1.3		(1.9)		1.3		(9.0)
Non-GAAP operating expenses	\$	359.6	\$	316.5	\$	723.2	\$	652.2
GAAP income from operations	\$	95.0	\$	79.8	\$	173.6	\$	130.6
Stock-based compensation expense		27.3		21.0		53.2		45.3
Amortization of developed technology		8.5		7.7		16.6		15.4
Amortization of customer relationships and								
trade names		9.3		5.9		15.8		12.1
Restructuring charges		(1.3)		1.9		(1.3)		9.0

Non-GAAP income from operations	\$	138.8	\$	116.3	\$	257.9	\$	212.4
GAAP provision for income taxes	\$	(23.0)	\$	(20.0)	\$	(38.2)	\$	(30.5)
Discrete GAAP tax provision items		0.9		0.2		(3.2)		(1.6)
Income tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments		(12.4)		(11.6)		(24.4)		(24.3)
Non-GAAP provision for income tax	\$	(34.5)	\$	(31.4)	\$	(65.8)	\$	(56.4)
GAAP net income	\$	71.2	\$	59.9	\$	140.5	\$	96.8
Stock-based compensation expense	ψ	27.3	Ф	21.0	Ф	53.2	Φ	45.3
Amortization of developed technology		8.5		7.7		16.6		15.4
Amortization of customer relationships and		0.5		7.7		10.0		13.4
trade names		9.3		5.9		15.8		12.1
Restructuring charges		(1.3)		1.9		(1.3)		9.0
Discrete GAAP tax provision items		0.9		0.2		(3.2)		(1.6)
Income tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments		(12.4)		(11.6)		(24.4)		(24.3)
Non-GAAP net income	\$	103.5	\$	85.0	\$	197.2	\$	152.7
CAAD diluted and income and along (1)	¢	0.20	ď	0.25	\$	0.50	ď	0.41
GAAP diluted net income per share (1)	\$	0.30 0.12	\$	0.25 0.09	Э	0.59 0.22	\$	0.41
Stock-based compensation expense								0.19
Amortization of developed technology		0.04		0.03		0.07		0.06
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names		0.04		0.03		0.07		0.06
				0.03		(0.01)		0.06
Restructuring charges		(0.01)		0.01		()		
Discrete GAAP tax provision items Income tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments				(0.0E)		(0.01)		(0.01)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	¢.	(0.06)	d.	(0.05)	ф.	(0.10)	ф	(0.10)
Non-GAAP diluted net income per share (1)	\$	0.44	\$	0.36	\$	0.83	\$	0.65

⁽¹⁾ Earnings per share were computed independently for each of the periods presented; therefore the sum of the earnings per share amounts for the quarters may not equal the total for the year.

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Other St	upplem	ental Financi	ial I	nformation ^(a)		
Fiscal Year 2012		QTR 1		QTR 2 QT	TR 3 QTR 4	YTD 2012
Financial Statistics (\$ in millions, except per share data):				(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Total Net Revenue	\$	528	\$	546	\$	1,075
License and Other Revenue	\$	323	\$	333	\$	656
Maintenance Revenue	\$	205	\$	213	\$	419
GAAP Gross Margin		90%		89%		90%
Non-GAAP Gross Margin (1)(2)		91%		91%		91%
			_	22.4		
GAAP Operating Expenses	\$	395	\$	394	\$	789
GAAP Operating Margin GAAP Net Income	ď	15%		17%	ф	16%
GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (c)	\$ \$	69 0.29	\$ \$	71 0.30	\$ \$	141 0.59
GAAP Diluted Net lilcome Per Share (c)	Þ	0.29	Ф	0.50	Ф	0.59
Non-GAAP Operating Expenses (1)(3)	\$	364	\$	360	\$	723
Non-GAAP Operating Margin (1)(4)		23%		25%		24%
Non-GAAP Net Income (1)(5)	\$	94	\$	104	\$	197
Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)(6)(c)	\$	0.40	\$	0.44	\$	0.83
Total Cash and Marketable Securities	\$	1,526	\$	1,553	\$	1,553
Days Sales Outstanding	Ψ	47	Ψ	49	Ψ	49
Capital Expenditures	\$	23	\$	30	\$	53
Cash Flow from Operating Activities	\$	128	\$	132	\$	261
GAAP Depreciation and Amortization	\$	25	\$	30	\$	54
	ф	E 4D	ф	FCC	ф	F.C.C
Deferred Maintenance Revenue Balance	\$	543	\$	566	\$	566
Revenue by Geography (in millions):						
Americas	\$	181	\$	191	\$	373
Europe, Middle East and Africa	\$	215	\$	212	\$	427
Asia Pacific	\$	132	\$	143	\$	275
Revenue by Segment (in millions):						
Platform Solutions and Emerging Business	\$	211	\$	199	\$	409
Architecture, Engineering and Construction	\$	141	\$	158	\$	299
Manufacturing	\$	123	\$	136	\$	259
Media and Entertainment	\$	53	\$	54	\$	107
Other Revenue Statistics:						
% of Total Rev from Flagship Revenue		61%		56%		59%
% of Total Rev Suites Revenue		23%		29%		26%
% of Total Rev New and Adjacent Revenue		15%		15%		15%
% of Total Rev from AutoCAD and AutoCAD LT		37%		31%		34%
% of Total Rev from Emerging Economies		15%		16%		15%
Upgrade and Crossgrade Revenue (in millions)	\$	53	\$	41	\$	94
Formula (Unformula) Invest of U.S. Dallow Two sloting I	D -1-4					
Favorable (Unfavorable) Impact of U.S. Dollar Translation I Currencies Compared to Comparable Prior Year Period (b) (
FX Impact on Total Net Revenue	\$	(3)	\$	8	\$	5
FX Impact on Cost of Revenue and Total Operating Expenses	\$	(9)	\$	(17)	\$	(26)
FX Impact on Operating Income	\$	(12)	\$	(9)	\$	(21)
Gross Margin by Segment (in millions):						
Platform Solutions and Emerging Business	\$	199	\$	187	\$	386
Architecture, Engineering and Construction	\$	128	\$	143	\$	271
Manufacturing and construction	\$	113	\$	124	\$	238
Media and Entertainment	\$	43	\$	44	\$	86
Unallocated amounts	\$	(9)	\$	(10)	\$	(19)
Common Stock Statistics (in millions).						
Common Stock Statistics (in millions): Common Shares Outstanding		230.5		228.8		228.8
Fully Diluted Weighted Average Shares Outstanding		237.1		236.6		236.9
Shares Repurchased		1.7		2.5		4.2
Installed Base Statistics:		3 004 000		2 085 000		2 005 000
Maintenance Installed Base		3,004,000		2,985,000		2,985,000

(a) Totals may not agree with the sum of the components due to rounding.

(b) Effective in the second quarter of fiscal 2012, Autodesk changed the way it calculates constant currency growth rates and foreign currency impact on Total Net Revenue, and Cost of Revenue and Total Operating Expenses. Under the new methodology, all hedging gains and losses are removed from the calculation of constant currency growth rates, where previously Autodesk had not excluded hedging gains and losses from the prior period. Autodesk changed the way it calculates foreign currency impact on Total Net Revenue, and Cost of Revenue and Total Operating Expenses to include the impact of Autodesk's hedging program on both the current and prior period. Autodesk believes these changes are more useful to the users of Autodesk's financial information as they more fully reflect the underlying business growth rates and the impact of movements in foreign currency on Autodesk's U.S. dollar financial results. All prior period comparative information has been revised to conform to the new methodology.

r r r r				00) -			
	QTR 1		QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	YTD 2	2012
Constant currency revenue growth using new methodology	12%	ó	14%				13%
Constant currency revenue growth using previous							
methodology	11%	ó	10%				11%
Favorable (Unfavorable) Impact of U.S. Dollar Translation	Relative to						
Foreign Currencies Compared to Comparable Prior Year P	eriod (in						
millions), using previous methodology:							
FX Impact on Total Net Revenue	\$ 2	\$	24			\$	26
FX Impact on Cost of Revenue and Total Operating							
Expenses	\$ (10)	\$	(19)			\$	(29)
FX Impact on Operating Income	\$ (8)	\$	5			\$	(3)

(c) Earnings per share were computed independently for each of the periods presented; therefore the sum of the earnings per share amounts for the quarters may not equal the total for the year.

(d) Prior period amounts have been changed to conform to current period presentation.

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(1) To supplement our consolidated financial statements presented on a GAAP basis, Autodesk provides investors with certain non-GAAP measures including non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP net income per share, non-GAAP cost of license and other revenue, non-GAAP gross margin, non-GAAP operating expenses, non-GAAP total spend, non-GAAP income from operations and non-GAAP provision for income taxes. These non-GAAP financial measures are adjusted to exclude certain costs, expenses, gains and losses, including stock-based compensation expense, restructuring charges, amortization of purchased intangibles and related income tax expenses. See our reconciliation of GAAP financial measures to non-GAAP financial measures herein. We believe these exclusions are appropriate to enhance an overall understanding of our past financial performance and also our prospects for the future, as well as to facilitate comparisons with our historical operating results.

These adjustments to our GAAP results are made with the intent of providing both management and investors a more complete understanding of Autodesk's underlying operational results and trends and our marketplace performance. For example, the non-GAAP results are an indication of our baseline performance before gains, losses or other charges that are considered by management to be outside our core operating results. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures are among the primary indicators management uses as a basis for our planning and forecasting of future periods. There are limitations in using non-GAAP financial measures because the non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and may be different from non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. The non-GAAP financial measures are limited in value because they exclude certain items that may have a material impact upon our reported financial results. The presentation of this additional information is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the directly comparable financial measures prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Investors should review the reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures as provided in the tables accompanying Autodesk's press release.

	Q	TR 1		QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	YT	D 2012
(2) GAAP Gross Margin		90%		89%		,		90%
Stock-based compensation expense		0%		0%				0%
Amortization of developed technology		1%		2%				1%
Non-GAAP Gross Margin	-	91%		91%				91%
(3) GAAP Operating Expenses	\$	395	\$	394			\$	789
Stock-based compensation expense		(25)		(26)				(51)
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names		(7)		(9)				(16)
Restructuring charges		-		1				1
Non-GAAP Operating Expenses	\$	364	\$	360			\$	723
(4) GAAP Operating Margin		15%		17%				16%
Stock-based compensation expense		5%		5%				5%
Amortization of developed technology		2%		2%				2%
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names		1%		2%				1%
Restructuring charges		0%		0%				0%
Non-GAAP Operating Margin		23%		25%				24%
(5) GAAP Net Income	\$	69	\$	71			\$	141
Stock-based compensation expense		26	·	27				53
Amortization of developed technology		8		9				17
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names		7		9				16
Restructuring charges		-		(1)				(1)
Discrete GAAP tax provision items		(4)		1				(3)
Income tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments		(12)		(12)				(24)
Non-GAAP Net Income	\$	94	\$	104			\$	197
(6) GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share	\$	0.29	\$	0.30			\$	0.59
Stock-based compensation expense		0.11		0.12				0.22
Amortization of developed technology		0.03		0.04				0.07
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names		0.03		0.04				0.07
Restructuring charges		-		(0.01)				(0.01)
Discrete GAAP tax provision items		(0.02)		0.01				(0.01)
Income tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments		(0.04)		(0.06)				(0.10)
Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share	\$	0.40	\$	0.44			\$	0.83

AUTODESK, INC. (ADSK) SECOND QUARTER FISCAL 2012 EARNINGS ANNOUNCEMENT August 18, 2011 PREPARED REMARKS

Autodesk is posting a copy of these prepared remarks and its press release to its investor Website. These prepared remarks are offered to provide shareholders and analysts with additional time and detail for analyzing our results in advance of our quarterly conference call. As previously scheduled, the conference call will begin today, August 18, 2011 at 2:00 pm PDT (5:00 pm EDT) and will include only brief comments followed by questions and answers. These prepared remarks will not be read on the call.

To access the live broadcast of the question and answer session, please visit the Investor Relations section of Autodesk's Website at www.autodesk.com/investor. A complete reconciliation between GAAP and non-GAAP results is provided in the tables following these prepared remarks.

Second Quarter Fiscal 2012 Overview

Demand across all geographies and business segments led to strong revenue and EPS growth for our second quarter. Growth continues to be led by our Asia Pacific region and our manufacturing segment achieved record quarterly revenue. We also experienced strong revenue growth in our AEC segment. Sales of our suites also helped drive overall revenue growth.

- Revenue was \$546 million, an increase of 16 percent, compared to the second quarter last year and 3 percent compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2012.
- GAAP operating margin was 17 percent, compared to 17 percent in the second quarter last year and 15 percent in the first quarter of fiscal 2012.
- Non-GAAP operating margin was 25 percent, compared to 25 percent in the second quarter last year and 23 percent in the first quarter of fiscal 2012.
- On a GAAP basis, diluted earnings per share were \$0.30, compared to diluted earnings per share of \$0.25 in the second quarter last year and diluted earnings per share of \$0.29 in the first quarter of fiscal 2012.
- On a non-GAAP basis, diluted earnings per share were \$0.44, compared to non-GAAP diluted earnings per share of \$0.36 in the second quarter last year and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share of \$0.40 in the first quarter of fiscal 2012.

• Cash flow from operating activities was \$132 million, compared to \$112 million in the second quarter last year, and \$128 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2012.

Revenue Analysis

(in millions)	2Q 2011	3Q 2011	4Q 2011	1Q 2012	2	2Q 2012
Total net revenue	\$ 473	\$ 477	\$ 528	\$ 528	\$	546
License and other revenue	\$ 281	\$ 282	\$ 330	\$ 323	\$	333
Maintenance revenue	\$ 192	\$ 195	\$ 198	\$ 205	\$	213

Total net revenue for the second quarter was \$546 million, an increase of 16 percent compared to the second quarter last year as reported and 14 percent on a constant currency basis. Total net revenue for the second quarter increased 3 percent sequentially as reported and 2 percent on a constant currency basis.

License and other revenue was \$333 million, an increase of 19 percent compared to the second quarter last year, and 3 percent sequentially.

Revenue from commercial new licenses increased 11 percent compared to the second quarter last year, and 6 percent sequentially.

Maintenance revenue was a record high \$213 million, an increase of 11 percent compared to the second quarter last year, and 4 percent sequentially.

Maintenance billings increased 37 percent compared to the second quarter last year. Contributing to the growth was an increase in multi-year maintenance contracts. Maintenance billings were flat sequentially.

Revenue by Geography

Revenue by Geography (in millions)	2	Q 2011		3Q 2011		4Q 2011	1Q 2012		2Q 2012
EMEA	\$	189	\$	183	\$	212	\$	215	\$ 212
Americas	\$	168	\$	179	\$	193	\$	181	\$ 191
Asia Pacific	\$	116	\$	115	\$	123	\$	132	\$ 143
Emerging Economies	\$	71	\$	76	\$	85	\$	77	\$ 88
Emerging as a percentage of Total Revenue		15%)	16%)	16%		15%	16%

Revenue in EMEA was \$212 million, an increase of 12 percent compared to the second quarter last year as reported and 13 percent on a constant currency basis. EMEA revenue decreased 1 percent sequentially as reported and 3 percent on a constant currency basis.

Revenue in the Americas was \$191 million, an increase of 13 percent compared to the second quarter last year and 5 percent sequentially.

Revenue in Asia Pacific was \$143 million, an increase of 24 percent compared to the second quarter last year as reported and 16 percent on a constant currency basis. Revenue in Asia Pacific increased 9 percent sequentially as reported and 6 percent on a constant currency basis.

Revenue from emerging economies was \$88 million, an increase of 23 percent compared to the second quarter last year as reported and 18 percent on a constant currency basis. Revenue from emerging economies increased 14 percent sequentially as reported and 12 percent on a constant currency basis.

Effective in the second quarter of 2012, we have changed the way we calculate constant currency growth rates. Under the new methodology, all hedging gains and losses are removed from the calculation. Previously we had not excluded hedging gains and losses from the prior period. We believe this change is more useful to the users of our financial information as it more closely represents the underlying business growth rates. All prior period comparative information has been revised to conform to the current methodology. See discussion under "Autodesk's Foreign Currency Hedging Program and Calculation of Constant Currency Growth" at the end of these Prepared Remarks for further details.

Revenue by Product Type

Revenue by Product Type ¹	2Q 2011	3Q 2011	4Q 2011	2011 1Q 2012		2Q 2012
Flagship	\$ 288	\$ 288	\$ 309	\$	325	\$ 308
Suites	\$ 109	\$ 111	\$ 129	\$	124	\$ 158
New and Adjacent	\$ 76	\$ 78	\$ 90	\$	79	\$ 80

¹ Revenue by Product Type for periods prior to 1Q 2012 have been reclassified to conform with the current presentation.

Revenue from Flagship products was \$308 million, or 56 percent of total revenue. Revenue from Flagship products increased 7 percent compared to the second quarter last year, and decreased 5 percent sequentially.

Revenue from Suites was \$158 million, or 29 percent of total revenue. Revenue from Suites increased 45 percent compared to the second quarter last year, and 27 percent sequentially. Suites revenue includes previously existing suites, such as our Inventor and Revit family suites, as well as recently launched design and creation suites.

Revenue from New and Adjacent products was \$80 million, or 15 percent of total revenue. Revenue from New and Adjacent products increased 5 percent compared to the second quarter last year, and 1 percent sequentially.

As our new and existing customers migrate from our stand-alone products, we anticipate that our revenue from Suites will increase as a percentage of revenue and that our revenue from our Flagship and New and Adjacent products will similarly decline as a percentage of revenue.

Revenue by Business Segment

Revenue by Segment (in millions)	2Q 2011 3Q 2011 4Q 2011 1Q 2012		2Q 2012				
Platform Solutons and							
Emerging Business	\$ 177	\$	174	\$ 181	\$ 211	\$	199
Architecture, Engineering							
and Construction	\$ 133	\$	136	\$ 162	\$ 141	\$	158
Manufacturing	\$ 113	\$	117	\$ 133	\$ 123	\$	136
Media and Entertainment	\$ 50	\$	50	\$ 52	\$ 53	\$	54

Revenue from our Platform Solutions and Emerging Business (PSEB) segment was \$199 million, an increase of 12 percent compared to the second quarter last year and a decrease of 6 percent sequentially. Combined revenue from AutoCAD and AutoCAD LT was \$172 million, an increase of 6 percent compared to the second quarter last year, and a decrease of 11 percent sequentially. AutoCAD LT revenue declined sequentially due to strong sales in the first quarter related to targeted product promotions. Revenue from PSEB suites grew 111 percent compared to the second quarter last year and 77 percent sequentially off a small base driven by an increase in revenue from educational suites and the recently introduced Autodesk Design Suite.

Revenue from our Architecture, Engineering and Construction (AEC) business segment was \$158 million, an increase of 19 percent compared to the second quarter last year, and 12 percent sequentially. Revenue from our AEC suites increased 52 percent compared to the second quarter last year and 28 percent sequentially.

Revenue from our Manufacturing business segment was a record high of \$136 million and increased 20 percent compared to the second quarter last year, and 10 percent sequentially. Revenue from our Manufacturing suites increased 28 percent compared to the second quarter last year, and 17 percent sequentially.

Revenue from our Media and Entertainment business segment was \$54 million, an increase of 9 percent compared to the second quarter last year, and 2 percent sequentially. Revenue from our animation products including Maya, 3dsMax, and our Entertainment Creation Suites increased 15 percent compared to the second quarter last year and was flat sequentially. As a reminder, our Entertainment Creation Suites were initially launched in the third quarter of fiscal 2010. Revenue from Creative Finishing decreased 2 percent compared to the second quarter last year and increased 6 percent sequentially.

Margins and EPS Review

Gross Margin	2Q 2011		3Q 2011		4Q 2011		1Q 2012	2Q 2012
Gross Margin - GAAP	90%		90%		91%		90%	89%
Gross Margin - Non-GAAP	92%		92%	92%		93%		91%
Operating Expenses (in millions)	2Q 2011		3Q 2011		4Q 2011		1Q 2012	2Q 2012
Operating Expenses - GAAP	\$ 345	\$	359	\$	408	\$	395	\$ 394
Operating Expenses - Non-GAAP	\$ 317	\$	337	\$	382	\$	364	\$ 360
Operating Margin	2Q 2011		3Q 2011		4Q 2011		1Q 2012	2Q 2012
Operating Margin - GAAP	17%		15%		14%		15%	17%
Operating Margin - Non-GAAP	25%		21%		20%		23%	25%
Earnings Per Share	2Q 2011		3Q 2011		4Q 2011		1Q 2012	2Q 2012
Diluted Net Income Per Share - GAAP	\$ 0.25	\$	0.23	\$	0.26	\$	0.29	\$ 0.30
Diluted Net Income Per Share - Non-GAAP	\$ 0.36	\$	0.32	\$	0.35	\$	0.40	\$ 0.44

GAAP gross margin in the second quarter was 89 percent. Non-GAAP gross margin in the second quarter was 91 percent. The year-over-year decrease of both GAAP and non-GAAP gross margin is primarily related to an increase in our consulting business costs and maintenance support costs.

GAAP operating margin was 17 percent and increased 50 basis points compared to the second quarter last year. GAAP operating margin increased 250 basis points sequentially.

Non-GAAP operating margin was 25 percent and increased 80 basis points compared to the second quarter last year. The year-over-year increase in both GAAP and non-GAAP operating margin was driven by increased revenue. Non-GAAP operating margin increased 290 basis points sequentially. The sequential increase in both GAAP and non-GAAP operating margin was driven primarily by increased revenue.

GAAP operating expenses increased 14 percent year-over-year and were flat sequentially. Non-GAAP operating expenses increased 14 percent year-over-year and decreased 1 percent sequentially. The year-over-year increase in both GAAP and non-GAAP operating expenses is primarily related to higher employee and information technology related costs.

The second quarter effective tax rate was 24 percent for our GAAP results and 25 percent for our non-GAAP results.

Earnings per diluted share for the second quarter were \$0.30 GAAP and \$0.44 non-GAAP.

The share count used to compute basic net income per share was 229.4 million. The share count used to compute diluted net income per share was 236.6 million.

A complete reconciliation between GAAP and non-GAAP results is provided in the tables following these prepared remarks.

Foreign Currency Impact

Favorable (Unfavorable) Impact of U.S. Dollar					
Translation Relative to Foreign Currencies					
Compared to Comparable Prior Year Period (in					
millions)	2Q 2011	3Q 2011	4Q 2011	1Q 2012	2Q 2012
FX Impact on Total Net Revenue	\$ 11	\$ 10	\$ 1	\$ (3)	\$ 8
FX Impact on Cost of Revenue and Operating Expenses	\$ 0	\$ (2)	\$ (2)	\$ (9)	\$ (17)
FX Impact on Operating Income	\$ 11	\$ 8	\$ 1	\$ (12)	\$ (9)

The foreign currency impact represents the U.S. Dollar impact of changes in foreign currency rates on our financial results as well as the impact of gains and losses from our hedging program.

Compared to the second quarter of last year, the impact of foreign currency exchange rates including the impact of our hedging program in the second quarter was \$8 million favorable on revenue and \$17 million unfavorable on cost of revenue and operating expenses.

Compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2012, the impact of foreign currency exchange rates and hedging was \$7 million favorable on revenue and \$4 million unfavorable on expenses.

Effective in the second quarter of fiscal 2012, we have changed the way we calculate foreign currency impact on total net revenue, and cost of revenue and operating expenses to include the impact of our hedging program on both the current and prior period. We believe this change is more useful to the users of our financial information as it more fully reflects the impact of movements in foreign currency on our U.S. Dollar financial results. All prior period comparative information has been revised to conform to the new methodology. See discussion under "Autodesk's Foreign Currency Hedging Program and Calculation of Constant Currency Growth" at the end of these Prepared Remarks for further details.

Balance Sheet Items and Cash Review

Financial Statistics (in millions)	2Q 2011	3Q 2011	4Q 2011	1Q 2012	2Q 2012
Cash Flow from Operating Activities	\$ 112	\$ 114	\$ 176	\$ 128	\$ 132
Capital Expenditures	\$ 5	\$ 7	\$ 10	\$ 23	\$ 30
Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 26	\$ 27	\$ 26	\$ 25	\$ 30
Total Cash and Marketable Securities	\$ 1,271	\$ 1,337	\$ 1,467	\$ 1,526	\$ 1,553
Days Sales Outstanding	44	46	55	47	49
Deferred Revenue	\$ 526	\$ 507	\$ 588	\$ 622	\$ 642

Total cash and investments at the end of the second quarter were approximately \$1.6 billion.

During the second quarter, Autodesk used \$101 million to repurchase 2.5 million shares of common stock at an average price of \$40.33 per share.

Cash flow from operating activities during the second quarter was \$132 million, an increase of 18 percent compared to the second quarter last year and 3 percent sequentially.

Shippable backlog at the end of the second quarter was \$25 million, an increase of \$4 million compared to the second quarter last year, and flat sequentially.

Deferred revenue was a quarter-end record \$642 million, an increase of 22 percent compared to the second quarter last year and 3 percent sequentially. The year-over-year and sequential increase is primarily due to strong maintenance billings including an increase in multi-year maintenance agreements.

Total backlog at the end of the second quarter, including deferred revenue and shippable backlog orders was a quarter-end record \$668 million, an increase of \$120 million compared to the second quarter of last year and \$20 million sequentially.

At the end of the second quarter, channel inventory was below two weeks.

Days sales outstanding (DSO) was 49 days, an increase of 5 days compared to the second quarter last year driven by a shift in billings linearity and strong subscription billings. DSO increased 2 days sequentially.

Business Outlook

Our guidance is based on our current expectations and the information we have available today, including currency exchange rates.

Third Quarter Fiscal 2012

3Q FY12 Guidance Metrics	3Q FY12 (ending October 31, 2011)
Revenue (in millions)	\$535 to \$550
EPS - GAAP	\$0.25 to \$0.29
EPS - Non-GAAP	\$0.38 to \$0.42

Non-GAAP earnings per diluted share for the third quarter of fiscal 2012 exclude \$0.08 related to stock-based compensation expense, and \$0.05 for amortization of acquisition related intangibles, net of tax.

A portion of the projected euro and yen denominated net revenue for our third quarter fiscal 2012 has been hedged, which should help reduce the impact of currency fluctuations on our third quarter results. However, over an extended period of time currency fluctuations will increasingly impact our results.

Full Year Fiscal 2012

Net revenue for fiscal 2012 is expected to increase by approximately 13 percent compared to fiscal 2011. Autodesk anticipates fiscal 2012 GAAP and non-GAAP operating margins to increase by greater than 200 basis points compared to fiscal 2011. Non-GAAP operating margin improvement excludes 70 basis points of restructuring charges, negative 10 basis points of amortization of acquisition related intangibles, and negative 50 basis points of stock-based compensation expense.

Both third quarter fiscal 2012 and full year fiscal 2012 outlooks assume an annual effective tax rate of approximately 23 percent for GAAP results and approximately 25 percent for non-GAAP results.

Autodesk's Foreign Currency Hedging Program and Calculation of Constant Currency Growth

Given the recent foreign exchange volatility, we would like to provide a brief summary of how we handle foreign currency exchange hedging as well as a description of how we calculate constant currency growth rates. A few points on our hedging program include:

- We do not conduct foreign currency exchange hedging for speculative purposes. The purpose of our hedging program is to reduce risk from foreign denominated cash flows and to partially reduce variability that would otherwise impact our financial results from currency fluctuations.
- We utilize cash flow hedges on revenue and certain operating expenses in major currencies. We hedge our net exposures using a four quarter rolling layered hedge. The closer to the current time period, the more we are hedged.
- The major currencies we hedge include the euro, yen, pound sterling, Canadian dollar, and Swiss franc. The euro is the primary exposure for the company.

When we report period-over-period growth rate percentages on a constant currency basis, we attempt to represent the changes in the underlying business operations by eliminating fluctuations caused by changes in foreign currency exchange rates as well as eliminating hedge gains or losses recorded within the current and comparative period. However, when we calculate the foreign currency impact of exchange rates in the current and comparative period on our financial results (See table in above "Foreign Currency Impact" section) we include the U.S. Dollar impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as well as the impact of gains and losses recorded as a result of our hedging program.

Autodesk's Product Type Classification

The following represents Autodesk's current view for product categorization. Autodesk will periodically make changes to this list. This is not a complete list.

•	Plant 3D
•	Revit products (standalone)
"Suit	es" include the following products classes:
•	Autodesk Design Suites
•	Building Design Suites
•	Educational/academic suites
•	Entertainment Creation Suites
•	Factory Design Suites
•	Infrastructure Design Suites
•	Inventor family suites
•	Plant Design Suites
•	Product Design Suites
•	Revit family suites
"Nev	v and Adjacent" includes the following products and services:
•	Algor products
•	Alias Design products
•	Autodesk Consulting
•	Buzzsaw
•	Constructware
•	Consumer products
•	Creative Finishing products
•	Moldflow products
•	Navisworks
•	Vault products
•	All other products
	10

"Flagship" includes the following products:

Inventor products (standalone)

AutoCAD vertical products such as AutoCAD Mechanical and AutoCAD Architecture

• 3ds Max

AutoCAD

Civil 3D

Maya

AutoCAD LT

Safe Harbor Statement

These prepared remarks contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, including statements in the paragraphs under "Business Outlook" above, statements regarding anticipated market, maintenance billings, and revenue trends, cost savings, revenue performance (including by geography, product and product type), margin improvement, market and product positions, the impact of foreign exchange hedges and other statements regarding our expected strategies, performance and results. There are a significant number of factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from statements made in these remarks, including: general market, political, economic and business conditions, our performance in particular geographies, including emerging economies, failure to successfully expand adoption of our products, failure to successfully incorporate sales of products suites into our overall sales strategy, failure to maintain cost reductions and productivity increases or otherwise control our expenses, slowing momentum in maintenance billings or revenues, difficulties encountered in integrating new or acquired businesses and technologies, the inability to identify and realize the anticipated benefits of acquisitions, the financial and business condition of our reseller and distribution channels, fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates, the success of our foreign currency hedging program, failure to achieve sufficient sell-through in our channels for new or existing products, pricing pressure, unexpected fluctuations in our tax rate, the timing and degree of expected investments in growth and efficiency opportunities, changes in the timing of product releases and retirements, failure to key new applications to achieve anticipated levels of customer acceptance, failure to achieve continued success in technology advancements, interruptions or terminations in the business of Autodesk consultants, the expense or impact of legal or regulatory proceedings, and any unanticipated accounting charges

Further information on potential factors that could affect the financial results of Autodesk are included in Autodesk's report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2011 and Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 30, 2011, which are on file with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Autodesk does not assume any obligation to update the forward-looking statements provided to reflect events that occur or circumstances that exist after the date on which they were made.

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Autodesk

Shares Repurchased

Other St	uppleme	ntal Financi	al Inf	ormation ^(a)		
Fiscal Year 2012	(TR 1		QTR 2	QTR 3 QTR 4 Y	ΓD 2012
Financial Statistics (\$ in millions, except per share data):				<u>'</u>		
Total Net Revenue	\$	528	\$	546	\$	1,075
License and Other Revenue	\$	323	\$	333	\$	656
Maintenance Revenue	\$	205	\$	213	\$	419
GAAP Gross Margin		90%		89%		90%
Non-GAAP Gross Margin (1)(2)		91%		91%		91%
GAAP Operating Expenses	\$	395	\$	394	\$	789
GAAP Operating Margin		15%		17%		16%
GAAP Net Income	\$	69	\$	71	\$	141
GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (c)	\$	0.29	\$	0.30	\$	0.59
Non-GAAP Operating Expenses (1)(3)	\$	364	\$	360	\$	723
Non-GAAP Operating Margin (1)(4)	Ψ	23%	Ψ	25%	*	24%
Non-GAAP Net Income (1)(5)	\$	94	\$	104	\$	197
Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)(6)(c)	\$	0.40	\$	0.44	\$	0.83
Total Cash and Marketable Securities	\$	1,526	\$	1,553	\$	1,553
Days Sales Outstanding	c	47	φ	49	¢.	49
Capital Expenditures	\$	23	\$	30	\$	53
Cash Flow from Operating Activities GAAP Depreciation and Amortization	\$ \$	128 25	\$ \$	132 30	\$ \$	261 54
SAAF Deplectation and Amortization	Ф	23	Þ	30	J	J 4
Deferred Maintenance Revenue Balance	\$	543	\$	566	\$	566
Revenue by Geography (in millions):						
Americas	\$	181	\$	191	\$	373
Europe, Middle East and Africa	\$	215	\$	212	\$	427
Asia Pacific	\$	132	\$	143	\$	275
Revenue by Segment (in millions):						
Platform Solutions and Emerging Business	\$	211	\$	199	\$	409
Architecture, Engineering and Construction	\$	141	\$	158	\$	299
Manufacturing	\$	123	\$	136	\$	259
Media and Entertainment	\$	53	\$	54	\$	107
Other Revenue Statistics:						
% of Total Rev from Flagship Revenue		61%		56%		59%
% of Total Rev Suites Revenue		23%		29%		26%
% of Total Rev New and Adjacent Revenue		15%		15%		15%
% of Total Rev from AutoCAD and AutoCAD LT		37%		31%		34%
% of Total Rev from Emerging Economies		15%		16%		15%
Upgrade and Crossgrade Revenue (in millions)	\$	53	\$	41	\$	94
Favorable (Unfavorable) Impact of U.S. Dollar Translation						
C urrencies Compared to Comparable Prior Year Period ^(b) (FX Impact on Total Net Revenue	in millio \$		\$	8	\$	5
FX Impact on Total Net Revenue FX Impact on Cost of Revenue and Total Operating Expenses	\$	(3) (9)	\$	(17)	\$	(26)
FX Impact on Operating Income	\$	(12)	\$	(9)	\$ \$	(21)
		` ´		, ,		` ′
Gross Margin by Segment (in millions):	c r	100	φ	107	¢	200
Platform Solutions and Emerging Business Architecture, Engineering and Construction	\$ \$	199 128	\$ \$	187 143	\$ \$	386 271
Manufacturing	\$	113	\$	124	\$	238
Media and Entertainment	\$	43	\$	44	\$ \$	236 86
Jnallocated amounts	\$	(9)	\$	(10)	\$	(19)
		(-)		(-)	The state of the s	(-)
Common Stock Statistics (in millions):		220 =		220.0		220.0
Common Shares Outstanding Fully Diluted Weighted Average Shares Outstanding		230.5 237.1		228.8 236.6		228.8 236.9
		23/.I		230.0		∠.>0.9

1.7

2.5

4.2

Installed Base Statistics:

Maintenance Installed Base 3,004,000 2,985,000 2,985,000

- (a) Totals may not agree with the sum of the components due to rounding.
- (b) Effective in the second quarter of fiscal 2012, Autodesk changed the way it calculates constant currency growth rates and foreign currency impact on Total Net Revenue, and Cost of Revenue and Total Operating Expenses. Under the new methodology, all hedging gains and losses are removed from the calculation of constant currency growth rates, where previously Autodesk had not excluded hedging gains and losses from the prior period. Autodesk changed the way it calculates foreign currency impact on Total Net Revenue, and Cost of Revenue and Total Operating Expenses to include the impact of Autodesk's hedging program on both the current and prior period. Autodesk believes these changes are more useful to the users of Autodesk's financial information as they more fully reflect the underlying business growth rates and the impact of movements in foreign currency on Autodesk's U.S. dollar financial results. All prior period comparative information has been revised to conform to the new methodology.

	QTR 1		QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	YTD 2	012
Constant currency revenue growth using new methodology	129	%	14%				13%
Constant currency revenue growth using previous							
methodology	119	%	10%				11%
Favorable (Unfavorable) Impact of U.S. Dollar Translation	Relative to						
Foreign Currencies Compared to Comparable Prior Year I	Period (in						
millions), using previous methodology:							
FX Impact on Total Net Revenue	\$ 2	\$	24			\$	26
FX Impact on Cost of Revenue and Total Operating							
Expenses	\$ (10)	\$	(19)			\$	(29)
FX Impact on Operating Income	\$ (8)	\$	5			\$	(3)

- (c) Earnings per share were computed independently for each of the periods presented; therefore the sum of the earnings per share amounts for the quarters may not equal the total for the year.
- (d) Prior period amounts have been changed to conform to current period presentation.

Autodesk^{*}

(1) To supplement our consolidated financial statements presented on a GAAP basis, Autodesk provides investors with certain non-GAAP measures including non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP net income per share, non-GAAP cost of license and other revenue, non-GAAP gross margin, non-GAAP operating expenses, non-GAAP total spend, non-GAAP income from operations and non-GAAP provision for income taxes. These non-GAAP financial measures are adjusted to exclude certain costs, expenses, gains and losses, including stock-based compensation expense, restructuring charges, amortization of purchased intangibles and related income tax expenses. See our reconciliation of GAAP financial measures to non-GAAP financial measures herein. We believe these exclusions are appropriate to enhance an overall understanding of our past financial performance and also our prospects for the future, as well as to facilitate comparisons with our historical operating results.

These adjustments to our GAAP results are made with the intent of providing both management and investors a more complete understanding of Autodesk's underlying operational results and trends and our marketplace performance. For example, the non-GAAP results are an indication of our baseline performance before gains, losses or other charges that are considered by management to be outside our core operating results. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures are among the primary indicators management uses as a basis for our planning and forecasting of future periods. There are limitations in using non-GAAP financial measures because the non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and may be different from non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. The non-GAAP financial measures are limited in value because they exclude certain items that may have a material impact upon our reported financial results. The presentation of this additional information is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the directly comparable financial measures prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Investors should review the reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures as provided in the tables accompanying Autodesk's press release.

	C	TR 1		QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	YT	D 2012
(2) GAAP Gross Margin		90%		89%				90%
Stock-based compensation expense		0%		0%				0%
Amortization of developed technology		1%		2%				<u>1</u> %
Non-GAAP Gross Margin		91%		91%				91%
(3) GAAP Operating Expenses	\$	395	\$	394			\$	789
Stock-based compensation expense		(25)		(26)				(51)
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names		(7)		(9)				(16)
Restructuring charges		-		1				1
Non-GAAP Operating Expenses	\$	364	\$	360			\$	723
(4) GAAP Operating Margin		15%		17%				16%
Stock-based compensation expense		5%		5%				5%
Amortization of developed technology		2%		2%				2%
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names		1%		2%				1%
Restructuring charges		0%		0%				0%
Non-GAAP Operating Margin		23%		25%				24%
(5) GAAP Net Income	\$	69	\$	71			\$	141
Stock-based compensation expense	Ψ	26	4	27			Ψ	53
Amortization of developed technology		8		9				17
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names		7		9				16
Restructuring charges		-		(1)				(1)
Discrete GAAP tax provision items		(4)		1				(3)
Income tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments		(12)		(12)				(24)
Non-GAAP Net Income	\$	94	\$	104			\$	197
(6) GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share	\$	0.29	\$	0.30			\$	0.59
Stock-based compensation expense		0.11		0.12				0.22
Amortization of developed technology		0.03		0.04				0.07
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names		0.03		0.04				0.07
Restructuring charges		-		(0.01)				(0.01)
Discrete GAAP tax provision items		(0.02)		0.01				(0.01)
Income tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments		(0.04)		(0.06)				(0.10)
Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share	\$	0.40	\$	0.44			\$	0.83

Autodesk

Financial Statistics (\$ in millions, except per share data): Total Net Revenue \$ 475 \$ 473 \$ 477 \$ 282 \$ 280 \$ 281 \$ 282 \$ 282 \$ 281 \$ 282 \$ 382 \$ 281 \$ 282 \$ 3 282 \$	528 330 198 91% 93% 408 14% 62 0.26 382 20% 83	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,484
License and Other Revenue \$ 280 \$ 281 \$ 195 \$ Maintenance Revenue \$ 195 \$ 192 \$ GAAP Gross Margin 89% 90% 90% 90% 92% Non-GAAP Gross Margin (1)(2) 91% 92% 92% GAAP Operating Expenses \$ 373 \$ 345 \$ 359 \$	330 198 91% 93% 408 14% 62 0.26 382 20% 83	\$ \$ \$	1,172 780 90% 92% 1,484
Maintenance Revenue \$ 195 \$ 192 \$ 195 \$ GAAP Gross Margin (1)(2) 89% 90% <t< td=""><td>91% 93% 408 14% 62 0.26 382 20% 83</td><td>\$ \$ \$</td><td>780 90% 92% 1,484</td></t<>	91% 93% 408 14% 62 0.26 382 20% 83	\$ \$ \$	780 90% 92% 1,484
GAAP Gross Margin 89% 90% 90% Non-GAAP Gross Margin (1)(2) 91% 92%	91% 93% 408 14% 62 0.26 382 20% 83	\$	90% 92% 1,484
Non-GAAP Gross Margin (1)(2) 91% 92% 92% GAAP Operating Expenses \$ 373 \$ 345 \$ 359 \$ GAAP Operating Margin 11% 17% 15% GAAP Net Income \$ 37 \$ 60 \$ 54 \$ GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (c) \$ 0.16 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.23 \$ Non-GAAP Operating Expenses (1)(3) \$ 336 \$ 317 \$ 337 \$ Non-GAAP Operating Margin (1)(4) 20% 25% 21% Non-GAAP Net Income (1)(5) \$ 68 85 \$ 75 \$ Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)(6)(c) \$ 0.29 \$ 0.36 \$ 0.32 \$ Total Cash and Marketable Securities \$ 1,239 \$ 1,271 \$ 1,337 \$	93% 408 14% 62 0.26 382 20% 83	\$	92% 1,484
GAAP Operating Expenses \$ 373 \$ 345 \$ 359 \$ GAAP Operating Margin \$ 11% \$ 17% \$ 15% GAAP Net Income \$ 37 \$ 60 \$ 54 \$ GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (c) \$ 0.16 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.23 \$ Non-GAAP Operating Expenses (1)(3) \$ 336 \$ 317 \$ 337 \$ Non-GAAP Operating Margin (1)(4) \$ 20% \$ 25% \$ 21% Non-GAAP Net Income (1)(5) \$ 68 \$ 85 \$ 75 \$ Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)(6)(c) \$ 0.29 \$ 0.36 \$ 0.32 \$ Total Cash and Marketable Securities \$ 1,239 \$ 1,271 \$ 1,337 \$	408 14% 62 0.26 382 20% 83	\$	92% 1,484 14%
GAAP Operating Margin 11% 17% 15% GAAP Net Income \$ 37 \$ 60 \$ 54 \$ GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (c) \$ 0.16 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.23 \$ Non-GAAP Operating Expenses (1)(3) \$ 336 \$ 317 \$ 337 \$ Non-GAAP Operating Margin (1)(4) 20% 25% 21% Non-GAAP Net Income (1)(5) \$ 68 85 \$ 75 \$ Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)(6)(c) \$ 0.29 \$ 0.36 \$ 0.32 \$ Total Cash and Marketable Securities \$ 1,239 \$ 1,271 \$ 1,337 \$	14% 62 0.26 382 20% 83	\$	
GAAP Operating Margin 11% 17% 15% GAAP Net Income \$ 37 \$ 60 \$ 54 \$ GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (c) \$ 0.16 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.23 \$ Non-GAAP Operating Expenses (1)(3) \$ 336 \$ 317 \$ 337 \$ Non-GAAP Operating Margin (1)(4) 20% 25% 21% Non-GAAP Net Income (1)(5) \$ 68 85 \$ 75 \$ Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)(6)(c) \$ 0.29 \$ 0.36 \$ 0.32 \$ Total Cash and Marketable Securities \$ 1,239 \$ 1,271 \$ 1,337 \$	62 0.26 382 20% 83		1.40/.
GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (c) \$ 0.16 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.23 \$ Non-GAAP Operating Expenses (1)(3) \$ 336 \$ 317 \$ 337 \$ Non-GAAP Operating Margin (1)(4) 20% 25% 21% Non-GAAP Net Income (1)(5) \$ 68 \$ 85 \$ 75 \$ Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)(6)(c) \$ 0.29 \$ 0.36 \$ 0.32 \$ Total Cash and Marketable Securities \$ 1,239 \$ 1,271 \$ 1,337 \$	0.26 382 20% 83		1470
Non-GAAP Operating Expenses (1)(3) \$ 336 \$ 317 \$ 337 \$ Non-GAAP Operating Margin (1)(4) 20% 25% 21% Non-GAAP Net Income (1)(5) \$ 68 \$ 85 \$ 75 \$ Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)(6)(c) \$ 0.29 \$ 0.36 \$ 0.32 \$ Total Cash and Marketable Securities \$ 1,239 \$ 1,271 \$ 1,337 \$	382 20% 83	\$	212
Non-GAAP Operating Margin (1)(4) 20% 25% 21% Non-GAAP Net Income (1)(5) \$ 68 \$ 85 \$ 75 \$ Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)(6)(c) \$ 0.29 \$ 0.36 \$ 0.32 \$ Total Cash and Marketable Securities \$ 1,239 \$ 1,271 \$ 1,337 \$	20% 83		0.90
Non-GAAP Operating Margin (1)(4) 20% 25% 21% Non-GAAP Net Income (1)(5) \$ 68 \$ 85 \$ 75 \$ Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)(6)(c) \$ 0.29 \$ 0.36 \$ 0.32 \$ Total Cash and Marketable Securities \$ 1,239 \$ 1,271 \$ 1,337 \$	83	\$	1,371
Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share (1)(6)(c) \$ 0.29 \$ 0.36 \$ 0.32 \$ Total Cash and Marketable Securities \$ 1,239 \$ 1,271 \$ 1,337 \$			21%
Total Cash and Marketable Securities \$ 1,239 \$ 1,271 \$ 1,337 \$		\$	310
	0.35	\$	1.32
Days Sales Outstanding 42 44 46	1,467	\$	1,467
	55		55
Capital Expenditures \$ 6 \$ 5 \$ 7 \$	10	\$	28
Cash Flow from Operating Activities \$ 139 \$ 112 \$ 114 \$	176	\$	541
GAAP Depreciation and Amortization \$ 27 \$ 26 \$ 27 \$	26	\$	105
Deferred Maintenance Revenue Balance \$ 492 \$ 473 \$ 450 \$	509	\$	509
Revenue by Geography (in millions):			
Americas \$ 161 \$ 168 \$ 179 \$	193	\$	701
Europe, Middle East and Africa \$ 199 \$ 189 \$ 183 \$	212	\$	783
Asia Pacific \$ 115 \$ 116 \$ 115 \$	123	\$	468
Revenue by Segment (in millions):			
Platform Solutions and Emerging Business \$ 184 \$ 177 \$ 174 \$	181	\$	716
Architecture, Engineering and Construction \$ 137 \$ 136 \$	162	\$	568
Manufacturing \$ 108 \$ 113 \$ 117 \$	133	\$	470
Media and Entertainment \$ 46 \$ 50 \$ 50 \$	52	\$	198
Other Revenue Statistics:			
% of Total Rev from Flagship Revenue (d) 62% 61% 60%	58%		60%
% of Total Rev Suites Revenue (d) 22% 23% 23%	25%		23%
% of Total Rev New and Adjacent Revenue (d) 15% 16% 16%	17%		16%
% of Total Rev from AutoCAD and AutoCAD LT 36% 34% 33%	31%		33%
% of Total Rev from Emerging Economies 14% 15% 16%	16%	ď	15%
Upgrade and Crossgrade Revenue (in millions) \$ 51 \$ 18 \$ 32 \$	61	\$	162
Favorable (Unfavorable) Impact of U.S. Dollar Translation Relative to Foreign			
Currencies Compared to Comparable Prior Year Period (b) (in millions):	1	ď	41
FX Impact on Total Net Revenue \$ 20 \$ 11 \$ 10 \$ FX Impact on Cost of Revenue and Total Operating Expenses \$ (10) \$ - \$ (2) \$	1 (1)	\$ \$	41 (13)
FX Impact on Cost of Revenue and Total Operating Expenses \$ (10) \$ - \$ (2) \$ FX Impact on Operating Income \$ 10 \$ 11 \$ 8 \$	-	\$	28
Cross Margin by Sogment (in millions):			
Gross Margin by Segment (in millions): Platform Solutions and Emerging Business \$ 173 \$ 168 \$ 164 \$	173	\$	679
Architecture, Engineering and Construction \$ 123 \$ 124 \$	1/3	\$	518
Manufacturing \$ 100 \$ 105 \$ 110 \$	125	\$	439
Media and Entertainment \$ 36 \$ 38 \$ 39 \$	41	\$	154
Unallocated amounts \$ (9) \$ (9) \$	(9)	\$	(35)
Common Stock Statistics (in millions):			
	227.0		227.0
	235.0		234.2
Shares Repurchased 2.0 2.5 2.5	2.0		9.0
Installed Base Statistics:			
Maintenance Installed Base 2,383,000 2,631,000 2,813,000 2,93	6,000		2,936,000

(a) Totals may not agree with the sum of the components due to rounding.

(b) Effective in the second quarter of fiscal 2012, Autodesk changed the way it calculates constant currency growth rates and foreign currency impact on Total Net Revenue, and Cost of Revenue and Total Operating Expenses. Under the new methodology, all hedging gains and losses are removed from the calculation of constant currency growth rates, where previously Autodesk had not excluded hedging gains and losses from the prior period. Autodesk changed the way it calculates foreign currency impact on Total Net Revenue, and Cost of Revenue and Total Operating Expenses to include the impact of Autodesk's hedging program on both the current and prior period. Autodesk believes these changes are more useful to the users of Autodesk's financial information as they more fully reflect the underlying business growth rates and the impact of movements in foreign currency on Autodesk's U.S. dollar financial results. All prior period comparative information has been revised to conform to the new methodology.

	QTR 1	QTR 2	2	QTR 3		QTR 4	YTD 2011
Constant currency revenue growth using new					·		
methodology	7	%	11%		12%	15%	11%
Constant currency revenue growth using previous							
methodology	7	%	13%		15%	19%	13%
Favorable (Unfavorable) Impact of U.S. Dollar Translat	ion Relative to						
Foreign Currencies Compared to Comparable Prior Yea	r Period (in						
millions), using previous methodology:							
FX Impact on Total Net Revenue	\$ 21	\$	5	\$	(4)	\$ (14)	\$ 8
FX Impact on Cost of Revenue and Total Operating							
Expenses	\$ (11) \$	-	\$	(1)	\$ -	\$ (12)
FX Impact on Operating Income	\$ 10	\$	5	\$	(5)	\$ (14)	\$ (4)

⁽c) Earnings per share were computed independently for each of the periods presented; therefore the sum of the earnings per share amounts for the quarters may not equal the total for the year.

⁽d) Prior amounts have been conformed to align with the current period presentation.

Autodesk^{*}

(1) To supplement our consolidated financial statements presented on a GAAP basis, Autodesk provides investors with certain non-GAAP measures including non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP net income per share, non-GAAP cost of license and other revenue, non-GAAP gross margin, non-GAAP operating expenses, non-GAAP total spend, non-GAAP income from operations and non-GAAP provision for income taxes. These non-GAAP financial measures are adjusted to exclude certain costs, expenses, gains and losses, including stock-based compensation expense, restructuring charges, amortization of purchased intangibles and related income tax expenses. See our reconciliation of GAAP financial measures to non-GAAP financial measures herein. We believe these exclusions are appropriate to enhance an overall understanding of our past financial performance and also our prospects for the future, as well as to facilitate comparisons with our historical operating results.

These adjustments to our GAAP results are made with the intent of providing both management and investors a more complete understanding of Autodesk's underlying operational results and trends and our marketplace performance. For example, the non-GAAP results are an indication of our baseline performance before gains, losses or other charges that are considered by management to be outside our core operating results. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures are among the primary indicators management uses as a basis for our planning and forecasting of future periods. There are limitations in using non-GAAP financial measures because the non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and may be different from non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. The non-GAAP financial measures are limited in value because they exclude certain items that may have a material impact upon our reported financial results. The presentation of this additional information is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the directly comparable financial measures prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Investors should review the reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures as provided in the tables accompanying Autodesk's press release.

	QTR 1	QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	YTD 2011
(2) GAAP Gross Margin	89%	90%	90%	91%	90%
Stock-based compensation expense	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Amortization of developed technology	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Non-GAAP Gross Margin	91%	92%	92%	93%	92%
(3) GAAP Operating Expenses	\$ 373	\$ 345	\$ 359	\$ 408	\$ 1,484
Stock-based compensation expense	(24)	(20)	(16)	(18)	(78)
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(24)
Restructuring charges	(7)	(2)	-	(2)	(11)
Non-GAAP Operating Expenses	\$ 336	\$ 317	\$ 337	\$ 382	\$ 1,371
(4) GAAP Operating Margin	11%	17%	15%	14%	14%
Stock-based compensation expense	5%	5%	3%	3%	4%
Amortization of developed technology	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Restructuring charges	 1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Non-GAAP Operating Margin	20%	25%	21%	20%	21%
(5) GAAP Net Income	\$ 37	\$ 60	\$ 54	\$ 62	\$ 212
Stock-based compensation expense	24	21	17	18	80
Amortization of developed technology	8	8	8	8	32
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names	6	6	6	6	24
Restructuring charges	7	2	-	2	11
Discrete GAAP tax provision items (7)	(2)	-	-	(5)	(6)
Income tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments	 (12)	(12)	(10)	(8)	(43)
Non-GAAP Net Income	\$ 68	\$ 85	\$ 75	\$ 83	\$ 310
(6) GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.90
Stock-based compensation expense	0.10	0.09	0.07	0.08	0.34
Amortization of developed technology	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.14
Amortization of customer relationships and trade names	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.10
Restructuring charges	0.03	0.01	-	0.01	0.05
Discrete GAAP tax provision items (7)	(0.01)	-	-	(0.02)	(0.03)
Income tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.18)
Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.35	\$ 1.32

⁽⁷⁾ Effective in the second quarter of fiscal 2011, Autodesk began excluding certain discrete GAAP tax provision items for purposes of its non-GAAP financial measures. Prior period non-GAAP income tax expense, net income and earnings per share amounts have been revised to conform to the current period presentation.